Template for the periodic disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

Product name: Juno Selection Fund Legal entity identifier: -

Environmental and / or social characteristics

Sustainable	Was the objective of this financial product a sustainable investment?
investment means an investment in an	• • Yes • No
economic activity that contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the investment does not significantly harm any environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance practices.	It made sustainable investments with an environmental objective:% in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally
The EU Taxonomy is a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852, establishing a list of environmentally	sustainable under the EU Taxonomy with an environmental objective in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy with a social objective Sustainable investments with a This product promoted E/S characteristics, but
sustainable economic activities. That Regulation does not include a list of	social objective were made:% did not make any sustainable investments.
socially sustainable economic activities. Sustainable investments with an	

environmental objective might be aligned with the Taxonomy or not.



To what extent have the environmental and / or social characteristics promoted by this financial product been complied with?

Sustainability
indicators measure
how the
environmental or
social characteristics
promoted by the
financial product are

attained.

During the reference period (1 January 2022 - 31 December 2022) the Fund promoted the following environmental and social characteristics:

- Companies that do not meet the minimum ESG criteria of the Investment Manager are not admitted
 to the investment universe of the Fund. These minimum criteria consist of a sector exclusion list
 and six additional minimum environmental, social and governance criteria drawn up by the
 Investment Manager:
 - o no systematic involvement with permanent environmental damage;
 - compliance with fundamental human rights;
 - o compliance with fundamental labour rights;
 - o no involvement with controversial weaponry, no production and sale of civil firearms and no delivery of military gear to military regimes;
 - compliance with international sanctions;
 - o no intentional involvement with fraud, corruption and tax evasion;
 - o Structural compliance with transparent operations/external information provision.
- The Investment Manager has actively monitored for signs indicating incidents at companies in the Fund with regard to the abovementioned (or other) ESG criteria and followed up these signs or incidents.
- The Investment Manager conducted an active engagement policy.

How did the sustainability indicators perform?

During the reference period, no investments were added to the investment universe of the Fund, which, based on the exclusion list or the 7 additional criteria, should not have been added in the opinion of the Investment Manager.

The result of monitoring indication or signs, following up these, and examples of our engagements are listed under "Which measures were taken in the reference period in order to meet the environmental and / or social characteristics?".

...and compared to previous periods?

The description of how the sustainability indicators performed is in line with the description from the 2022 periodic report.

How did the sustainable investments that the financial product partially made not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective?

The product did not make any sustainable investments.

The EU Taxonomy sets out a "do not significant harm" principle by which Taxonomy-aligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific Union criteria.

The "do no significant harm" principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

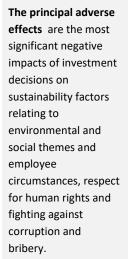
Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm any



To what extent did this financial product consider the principal adverse effects on sustainability factors?

The Investment Manager considered the principal adverse effects on sustainability factors by integrating the abovementioned ESG criteria in its investment decisions, by continuous monitoring of incidents pertaining to these ESG criteria and actively following up on these incidents and by its active commitment policy.

Appendix I provides tables that contain the principal adverse effects on sustainability factors of the Fund during the reference period, including a breakdown per company in which investments are made.



What were the largest investments of this financial product?

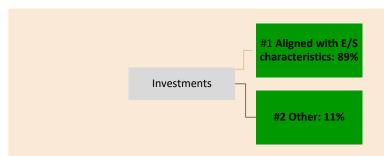
The list contains the
investments that
form the largest
share of
investments of the
financial product
during the reference
period, 1 January
2023 up to and
including 31
December 2023.

Largest investments	Sector	% Assets	Country
Paradox Interactive	Information & Communication	19.7%	Sweden
Melexis	Manufacturing	9.4%	Belgium
Soitec	Manufacturing	8.7%	France
Technogym	Manufacturing	7.4%	Italy
Bachem	Manufacturing	6.7%	Switzerland



What was the share of sustainability-related investments?

How were the assets allocated?



- **#1** Aligned with E/S characteristics includes the investments of the financial product used to attain environmental and social characteristics promoted by the financial product.
- **#2 Other** includes the remaining investments of the financial product that are not aligned with the environmental and social characteristics and also do not qualify as sustainable investments.

In which economic sectors were investments made?

The Fund mainly invested in companies that are active in the Industrial sector (Manufacturing). In addition, the largest position the Fund is active in, is in the sector Information and Communication.



To what extent were sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

The Manager has not set an objective to invest a minimum percentage in investments aligned with the EU taxonomy. The EU taxonomy reconciliation information below has been arrived at based on the Fund Manager's best estimate. It is not subject to an auditor's statement of assurance or third-party review.

Taxonomy-aligned at bas activities are assurate expressed as share of:

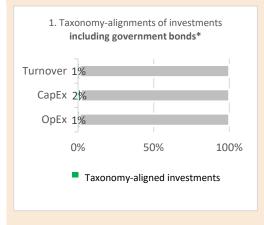
- The **turnover** reflecting the share of revenue from green activities of investee companies;
- The capital expenditure (CapEx) showing the green investments made by investee companies, e.g. for a transition to a green economy;
- The operational expenditure (OpEx) reflecting green operational activities of investee companies.

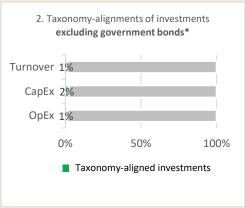
Did the financial product invest in activities in the sectors fossil gas and / or nuclear energy aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

Yes

≭ No

The diagrams below show in green the percentage of investments aligned with the EU Taxonomy. As there is no appropriate method to determine the Taxonomy-alignment of government bonds*, the first diagram shows the extent of alignment for all investments of the financial product including government bonds, while the second diagram shows only the Taxonomy-alignment for the investments of the financial product in products other than government bonds.





*For the purpose of these diagrams "government bonds" consist of all government exposures.

objective.

Transitional activities

are economic activities

Enabling activities directly enable

activities to make a substantial contribution to an

environmental

for which low-carbon alternatives are not yet available and which have greenhouse gas emission levels corresponding with the best performances.

What was the share of investments in transitional and enabling activities?

The share of investments in transitional and enabling activities was 0%.

How did the percentage of investments that were aligned with the EU Taxonomy compare with previous reference periods?

The reported percentages for 2023 show no significant shifts in relation to the calculated percentages for 2022.¹

¹ in the periodic reports for 2022, the Investment Manager reported a CapEx alignment of 13%. This percentage was calculated based on the weighted average of capital expenditures of the companies in which the Fund had invested and for which the Investment Manager had relevant data at its disposal. The Investment Manager elected to, from that year on, calculate the percentage alignment by weighing the alignment percentages based on the share of companies in the Fund, as this provides a more faithful representation of the actual taxonomy alignment and ties in better with the prescribed method of calculation. Based on this method of calculation, the CapEx alignment for 2022 totals 2%, which is in keeping with the percentage for 2023.



Which investments are included in "other"? What was their purpose and were there minimum environmental or social safeguards?

The proportion of other investments was 16%. This portion was held in cash, placed as short-term interest-bearing deposits with a reputable bank, or invested directly in (government) bonds or mutual funds that invest in money market products or bonds. The Fund uses a liquidity fund managed by State Street Global Advisors (SSGA), initiated by the custodian of the Fund (State Street Bank). Should the balance in the Fund's bank account on a daily basis exceed EUR 50,000, these amounts are automatically transferred to the liquidity fund. In this way the manager mitigates the risk of a possible failure of its custodian. The size of the position in the liquidity fund depends on the investment alternatives. In August 2023, SSGA informed the Manager that the liquidity fund will promote sustainable characteristics in accordance with Article 8 SFDR and ensure good governance practices.



Which measures were taken in the reference period in order to meet the environmental and / or social characteristics?

The Investment Manager took the following measures during the reference period in order to meet the environmental and / or social characteristics it promotes:

Criteria

As a first step in the investment process, the Investment Manager uses a **sector exclusion list**. This is a list of sectors that Juno will not invest in. The sector and subsector lists Juno uses for this are compiled and maintained by Refinitiv and published under the name "The Refinitiv Business Classification ("TRBC")". Refinitiv became part of LSEG in 2021, and the name "Refinitiv" was recently replaced with "LSEG Data & Analytics Solutions. The Investment Manager does not invest in companies, sectors and countries that are banned under laws and regulations, or banned on the basis of international treaties. The exclusion list is added as an attachment to Juno's PAI statement published on its website. During the reference period, no investments that are active in one of the sectors from the exclusion list were added to the investment universe.

In addition to this, the Investment Manager does not add companies to the investment universe of the Fund before having established that these companies meet the **minimum ESG criteria** of the Investment Manager. These principles reflect the core values of the Investment Manager in the field of sustainability and comprise both environmental, social and governance characteristics. Therefore, these principles are integrated in its investment policy and also form part of the sustainability policy of the Investment Manager.

Monitoring signals & Commitment

In addition, the Investment Manager continuously monitored for signs indicating incidents with regard to these criteria.

By applying strict criteria for entry, the Investment Manager seeks to minimise the number of possible incidents that occurs with regard to these ESG criteria. In case there are signs nonetheless that the criteria are no longer met, it will follow up these signs as part of its active engagement policy.

Here below are examples of incidents that occurred and the follow-up from the Investment Manager and / or talks held by the Investment Manager with companies in which ESG criteria were addressed.

² https://juno-invest.com/en/invest

Melexis

In March 2023, the Investment Manager visited the main office of the participation Melexis in the city of Tessenderlo, Belgium. There was a meeting with CEO M. Biron where the policy was discussed concerning pay rises of the staff in order to compensate for the increased inflation. We also addressed the issue of the lack of remuneration based on shares in Melexis. In the opinion of the management the share price, by definition, is not a proper incentive for the employees. In the field of governance we talked about the role of the chairman of the Board of Directors, F. Chombar. For example, we discussed her position as major shareholder of Melexis and various affiliated entities. We addressed her succession and the relationship with the supplier X-FAB, where her husband is CEO. Also, the current CEO M. Biron has a close relationship with X-FAB CEO R. de Winter. The personal and business relationships of the management with key suppliers of Melexis may constitute an increased risk for detrimental acts and therefore deserves some additional attention.

Stratec

In the past year we were in contact with the Stratec management on multiple occasions. We have been encouraging the expansion of the Board of Directors with more members for several years now, because in our view, CEO M. Wolfinger is burdened with too many operational responsibilities. In November 2022, a first step followed with the announcement that G. Bauer had been appointed as a member of the Board of Directors in charge of sales. During our meetings in the past year we insisted that there is still room to appoint one more director who would would be responsible for operations as the Chief Operating Officer.

Sartorius

A key product for the customers of Sartorius are special plastic bags and tubes to be used in stainless steel kettles and machines intended for biopharmaceutical manufacturing. At Sartorius we insisted that the company start manufacturing these plastic bags and tubes in a recyclable / compostable fashion. The problem is that using these types of more eco-friendly plastics greatly affect the ultimate medicine. Sartorius annually spends 1% of its turnover solely on research into more sustainable materials for its customers. We therefore hope and believe that a change in this regard will follow in the future.

Appendix I: PAI Tables

This appendix shows the main adverse effects of the fund's investments on sustainability factors (PAI Indicators). The information is based primarily on information from the companies' annual reports and/or sustainability reports.

For a number of companies, no annual report or sustainability report was (yet) available for the (entire) reference period at the time the annual report was published. For these companies, data from the 2022 reports were used (at that time). As 2023 annual reports became available, the data in the PAI tables were still updated for these 2023 data. In addition, the available reports did not yet contain the necessary information to report on all PAI indicators in all cases. In those cases, the value 'n/r' (non-reported) has been included. The figures at Fund level have been calculated solely on the basis of the data of companies for which data was available. For those indicators with insufficient data points to report a representative value at Fund level, it was decided not to take a Fund-level value. Finally, liquid assets (cash and investment in the liquidity fund managed by SSGA) are not included in the calculation of the PAI.

The data in this Appendix also include Juno estimates that are subject to significant uncertainties. While due care has been taken in the preparation of these statements, no representation or warranty is made as to the accuracy, reliability or completeness of the assumptions on which they are based.

Table 1: Greenhouse gas emissions

					Greenh	nouse gas emission	ns	-	
	Scope 1 GHC	Scope 2 GHC	Scope 3 GHC	Total GHG	Carbon		Active in fossil	renewable energy consumption and non- renewable energy	Energy consumption in GWh per million EUR of revenu, per high impact
1	Emissions	Emissions ²		Emissions ²	footprint ³	GHG intensity ⁴	fuel sector	production	climate sector ⁵
Company 1 ¹	4,1	11,3	327,4	342,8	1,2	10,7	Nee	86%	0,03 (C)
Company 2	24,2	8,6	483,1	515,9	1,9	14,6	Nee	n/r	
Company 3	1,6	0,7	147,2	149,4	0,5	4,3	Nee	n/r	n/r
Company 4	699,5	337,7	2.164,1	3.201,2	11,6	31,5	Nee	39%	2,71 (C)
Company 5	52,4	43,6	302,5	398,5	1,4	1,5	Nee	n/r	0,04 (C)
Company 6	266,1	183,9	3.114,7	3.564,7	12,9	17,2	Nee	63%	0,7 (C)
Company 7	11,5	112,0	3.932,4	4.055,9	14,7	58,8	Nee	70%	0,04 (C)
Company 8	0,0	7,1	17,0	24,1	0,1	0,8	Nee	10%	
Company 9	4,0	8,1	272,4	284,5	1,0	8,7	Nee	65%	0,06 (C)
Company 10	4,1	0,0	0,0	4,1	0,0	0,1	Nee	0%	0,06 (C)
Company 11 ¹	0,6	1,2	4,0	5,7	0,0	0,7	Nee	74%	
Company 12	49,8	49,8	1.499,8	1.599,4	5,8	24,6	Nee	40%	0,18 (C)
Company 13	15,9	7,1	232,2	255,2	0,9	2,2	Nee	9%	0,03 (C)
Company 14	44,3	60,7	n/r	105,0	0,4	0,9	Nee	10%	0,03 (C)
Fund level	1.178	832	12.497	14.506	52	177	0%	33%	3,9

¹ Source: Refinitiv

² Shows the emissions per company, corrected for the share of the Fund in the total enterprise value. At Fund level, the unavailable values are included as 0 in the calculation.

³ Shows the total emissions relative to the invested capital (expressed in millions of euros). In order to correct for missing data, the investments for which no data was available were not included in the invested capital.

⁴ Shows the total emission relative to the total turnover of the company (expressed in millions of euros), in proportion to the share of the investment in the total Fund capital.

⁵ Sector code C corresponds to the Industry sector

Table 2: Biodiversity, Water content, Waste and Emissions of water, waste and materials.

	Biodiversity	Water	Waste	Water, waste and material emissions
	Activities negatively affecting biodiversity-sensitive areas	Tonnes of emissions to water generated by million EUR invested EUR invested, expressed as a weighted average	Tonnes of hazardous waste and radioactive waste generated per million EUR invested expressed as a weighted average	Without water management policies ²
Company 1 ¹	nee	n/r	n/r	Nee
Company 2	nee	n/r	3,1	Nee
Company 3	nee	n/r	n/r	Ja
Company 4	nee	3,4	2,4	Nee
Company 5	nee	n/r	0,9	Nee
Company 6	nee	n/r	0,7	Nee
Company 7	n/r	n/r	0,1	Ja
Company 8	nee	n/r	n/r	Ja
Company 9	n/r	n/r	n/r	Nee
Company 10	nee	n/r	n/r	Nee
Company 11 ¹	n/r	n/r	n/r	Nee
Company 12	nee	n/r	1,8	Nee
Company 13	n/r	n/r	0,1	Nee
Company 14	n/r	n/r	0,1	Nee
Fund level	0%	n/r	0,9	45%

¹ Source: 2022 report

Table 3: Social themes and labour conditions and Human Rights

	Social and employee matters						Human rights		
	Violations of UN Global Compact principles and OECD guidelines for multinational enterprises ²	Lack of Processes and compliance mechanisms to monitor compliance with UN Global Compact principles and OECD guidelines for Multinational Enterprises	Unadjusted gender pay gap	Board gender diversity	Exposure to controversial we apons	Operations and suppliers art significant risk of incidents of child labour ³	Number of identified cases of severe human rights issues and incidents ⁴	Cases of insufficient action taken to address breaches of standards of anti-corruption and anti-bribery ⁴	
Company 11	Nee	Nee	n/r	43%	Nee	Nee	0	Nee	
Company 2	Nee	Nee	n/r	40%	Nee	Nee	0	Nee	
Company 3	n/r	n/r	n/r	50%	Nee	Nee	0	Nee	
Company 4	Nee	Nee	-4%	44%	Nee	Nee	0	Nee	
Company 5	Nee	Nee	n/r	29%	Nee	Nee	0	Nee	
Company 6	Nee	Nee	n/r	50%	Nee	Ja	0	Nee	
Company 7	n/r	n/r	n/r	50%	Nee	Nee	0	Nee	
Company 8	n/r	n/r	n/r	20%	Nee	Nee	0	Nee	
Company 9	Nee	Nee	n/r	42%	Nee	Nee	0	Nee	
Company 10	n/r	n/r	0%	33%	Nee	Nee	0	Nee	
Company 11 ¹	Nee	Nee	n/r	20%	Nee	Nee	0	Nee	
Company 12	n/r	n/r	23%	43%	Nee	Nee	0	Nee	
Company 13	Nee	Nee	n/r	25%	Nee	Nee	0	Nee	
Company 14	n/r	n/r	n/r	40%	Nee	Nee	0	Nee	
Fund level	0%	0%	-	36%	0%	0%	0	0%	

¹ Source: 2022 report

 $^{^{2}}$ Where no information is found with regard to the policy for water management, it is presumed that no policy has been drawn up.

² Juno assessed only those companies that are signatories to the UNGC principles and explicitly refer to the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises in their policies or non-financial reporting. Juno assessed whether violations of the above principles/guidelines were reported and whether relevant policies and procedures were in place to comply with these standards.

³ Investments <u>potentially</u> exposed to an increased risk of child labor due to the nature and geographical presence of its operations and their suppliers, assessed based on reports by the companies and taking into account the U.S. Department of Labor's list of goods produced by child labor (or forced labor)

⁴ No such cases were identified by the Investment Manager and / or reported by the company

Table 4: Governments and Property

The Fund does not invest in governments, supranational institutes and property assets. Therefore, the adverse effects on these indicators are at 0 in all cases.

	Indicators applic	able to investments	Indicators applicable to investments in		
	in sovereigns a	and supranationals	real estate assets		
	Environmental	Social	Fossil fuels	Energy efficiency	
	GHG intensity	Investee countries	Exposure to fossil	Exposure to energy-	
	of investee	subject to social	fuels through	inefficient real estate	
	countries	violations	real estate assets	assets	
Company 1	0	0	0%	0%	
Company 2	0	0	0%	0%	
Company 3	0	0	0%	0%	
Company 4	0	0	0%	0%	
Company 5	0	0	0%	0%	
Company 6	0	0	0%	0%	
Company 7	0	0	0%	0%	
Company 8	0	0	0%	0%	
Company 9	0	0	0%	0%	
Company 10	0	0	0%	0%	
Company 11	0	0	0%	0%	
Company 12	0	0	0%	0%	
Company 13	0	0	0%	0%	
Company 14	0	0	0%	0%	
Fund level	0	0	0%	0%	